



Weather Report.

KNOXVILLE, April 23, 1880.
Time... 7 a.m. | 10.32 | 2 p.m. | 2.32
Barom't. | 9.86 | 29.86 | 29.79 | 29.80
Therm't. | 20.5 | 76.5 | 81.5 | 83.
Wind | E | 66 | 69 | 68 | 69

Maximum Thermometer, 83°; Minimum, 65°; Rainfall, 0.00.

INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and Ohio valley, falling followed by rising barometer, opposing northerly and southerly followed by westerly winds, stationary or lower temperature, cloudy and rainy followed by clearing weather.

REV. G. C. RANKIN'S sermon will be found on third page.

THE lion is laying down with the lamb in the city council.

MRS. NELLIE GRANT SARTORIUS is coming to this country on a visit.

THE wheat crop in western Kansas is reported as being a failure.

GEN. GARFIELD thinks Judge Field will be the democratic candidate.

At this time, there are seven hundred and fifty tons of silver in the United States vaults.

The sixteen votes of Texas will most likely be for Grant in the Chicago convention.

It is claimed by some statisticians that 500,000 people will leave Europe for this country this year.

THE Courier-Journal thinks that the Kentucky legislature is rapidly turning Louisville over to the "democratic radicals."

WEDNESDAY last was the anniversary of the San Jacinto battle, and it was celebrated with much pomp in San Antonio, Texas.

THE St. Louis Post-Dispatch [dem.] gives up New York and says Ohio is the battle ground, and there democracy must win or lose.

THE movement to raise funds for the erection of a monument to the late Senator Morton does not get on well. So far only \$4,000 have been subscribed.

YESTERDAY opened the centennial at Nashville. Accounts of the proceedings will be found in our dispatches. If the whole thing is carried out as it is begun, the centennial will be the grandest of successes.

A MR. JERVIS, connected with the Chicago press, has taken the lecture field, his object being to show that Bob Ingersoll is an unscrupulous plagiarist. He is said to make out a strong case against the great infidel.

BY one of those vexatious typographical errors so common in newspaper offices, we were made to say \$125,000 when it should have been \$25,000 in giving the cost of the exodus investigation.

SENATOR McDONALD, of Indiana, is reported as preparing to take unto himself a rib—said rib having been another man's in times past. This does not matter much, because she will be his third.

OUR dispatches this morning give the sequel of the Kallioch-De Young fracas, which occurred some months since. A man, it seems, can't run an independent paper in California, without placing his life in the hands of the things who run that terrestrial paradise.

ONE of the Atlanta Constitution's "specials" says that Hendricks has lately reaffirmed his determination to not "play second fiddle." If the paper the Constitution clipped this "special" from is reliable, this may be true, but as we do not know where it stole it, we can't positively affirm that fact.

GEN. GIBSON, of Louisiana, must certainly possess the confidence of his constituents. At the present time he is a member of congress, a senator-elect, and he has been nominated for re-election as representative with a certainty of success. What he will be when next heard from one can only conjecture. No doubt it will be governor—or something else. His senatorial term does not begin until 1883.

THE Georgia republicans have at last concluded their deliberations, elected their delegates and prepared to take their departure from the Gate City. The delegation is composed of twenty-two men, fourteen of whom are colored. Presidentially, the Constitution says that eight are for Blaine, eight for Sherman and six for Grant. If this estimate is a correct one, Grant's chances for the nomination are growing "beautifully less."

Lecture at the Third Presbyterian Church.
Rev. W. A. Harrison, D. D., pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church, will lecture to-night at 7:30 o'clock, on "Woman's Influence for Good or Evil, Determining all the Great Crises of History."

Circuit court commences at London to-morrow, Hon. S. A. Rodgers presiding.

TELEGRAPHIC.

XLVI. CONGRESS.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 24.
In accordance with an arrangement made yesterday, Speaker pro tem Goode, of Virginia, proceeded to call the committees for reports of a private character.
The house at 1:30 p. m. went into committee of the whole on the private calendar. About three o'clock the committee rose and the house adjourned.

100.

NASHVILLE BEGINS TO CELEBRATE.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 24.—To-day, the 100th anniversary of the foundation of the city of Nashville, first incorporated as a town in 1780, was celebrated by the most imposing street pageant ever witnessed in this state. The city is full of strangers, and the houses adjacent to the hotels have been appropriated for the accommodation of guests.

The entire local population are in the streets, and the city, for the time being is wholly given up to the celebration of the occasion. The festivities were ushered in by a salute of one hundred guns from Capitol hill, at sun-rise. The display of bunting was profuse, and the decoration of stores and residences indulged in with great unanimity. The principal thoroughfares were spanned by arches of evergreens, flowers and flags, and emblems illustrating the industrial and intellectual progress of the past hundred years were everywhere manifest. Old landmarks about the historical spots made memorable by encounters with the Indians in the early settlement days were indicated by placards.

The centennial procession was one hour in passing a given point. The military display was brilliant, and the turn out of the colored orders of the various societies made a pleasing variety. The industrial arts were emblematically illustrated everywhere in the procession. A company of soldiers in old continental uniform and veterans of the Florida and Mexican wars, with battle-torn flags, were greeted with cheers all along the line of march.

The procession halted in capitol square, at noon, where an address was delivered by Gov. Marks, followed by an oration from Hon. Jno. M. Bright, on "Pioneers of Tennessee." The prize centennial ode was read, and also a sketch of the history of Nashville. To-night the centennial industrial exposition in the new building constructed for that purpose will be formally opened with appropriate ceremonies.

VIRGINIA.

STAUNTON, April 24.—The following congressional electors were nominated and elected: First district, L. R. Stuart, Richmond county; second district, declined to report; third district, John W. Poindexter, Louisa county; fourth, Wm. P. Austin, Warrenburg; fifth, Asa T. Whitaker, Floyd county; sixth, Samuel C. Allen, Amherst; seventh, E. W. Early, Albemarle; eighth, A. W. Harris, Alexandria county; ninth, H. H. Flanagan. The choice of election of the second district was remitted to the congressional convention of that district.

The convention, after an all night session adjourned this morning at 5 o'clock. The following delegates at large to the Chicago convention were elected: D. S. Lewis, Peter J. Carter, W. J. W. Poindexter and Joseph Jorgensen. John F. Lewis was elected chairman of the state central committee.

WHITTAKER'S EARS.

Who Was It that Clipped Them?
WEST POINT, April 24.—During the examination to-day, G. Kemble, jr., testified that he saw three persons acting suspiciously at Highland Falls on the night of the Whittaker affair; did not notice their faces; they walked erect like cadets; saw them near the Catholic church, and they were going towards Highland Falls. Thought they acted in a suspicious manner, because they kept looking back. The two were of the same height, the other was a little taller. This was seven o'clock in the evening; was not around the village after that; saw them go past the lane leading to Ryan's saloon, but they did not go up to Ryan's saloon; thought one of them had a moustache.

FORT MONROE, VA., April 24.—The United States flagship, Tennessee, sailed to-day for Central America.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—Just before 8 o'clock last evening Chas. De Young entered the business office of the Chronicle, on the ground floor, corner of Kearney and Bush streets, and stood talking with some gentlemen leaning against the counter. Directly the door opened, J. M. Kallioch entered, and drawing a pistol, without, as far as can be learned, speaking a word, began firing at De Young. The latter ran through the gate of the counter to a desk inside, Kallioch firing at him as he ran. On reaching the desk, De Young turned face to face with his opponent, with a pistol in his hand, when Kallioch leaning over the counter fired again, the ball striking De Young in the mouth. Kallioch then started for the door, De Young raised his pistol, as if to fire, but his strength failed him, and he fell backwards, he fell on the floor. The by-standers ran to his assistance, but the ball had evidently pierced the base of the brain, and in a few moments he expired. As Kallioch ran out of the door he was seized by a citizen and at the same moment an officer came up and took him in charge, and conducted him to the city prison, where he was locked up. News of the murder flew through the city like wind and in a few moments the street in the vicinity of the Chronicle office was crowded with people, eager to learn the particulars of the affair. Policemen were at once stationed at the doors of the office to keep out the inquisitive crowd, and only a few personal friends and reporters were admitted in the rear office. M. H. De Young, brother of the deceased, reclined on a lounge, surrounded by friends, evidently overcome by the tragedy but with dry eyes and his voice calm. He was not present at the time of the shooting, having left home after dinner a few minutes later than Charles. The deceased lay on his back on the floor, his face and breast dabbled in blood, his eyes closed and his face bearing a calm expression, as is noticeable in the case of those dying from shot wounds. Only one wound was found on his person, although at least four shots were fired by Kallioch, two having pierced the glass doors and a partition of the office and a third lodging in a window case.

WRECKED BY COWS.

PETERSBURG, VA., April 24.—Between 11 and 12 o'clock last night, while the locomotive attached to the material train on the Norfolk and Petersburg railroad, was running backward, it ran over two cows trying to cross the track near Iver station. The train was thrown down an embankment. Capt. E. D. Baker and a colored hand named Spencer Jones were instantly killed. Emmet McConnell, engineer, and Andrew Harrell, fireman, were painfully injured. Baker and McConnell were old railroad men and residents of this city. The dead and wounded arrived here at 7:30 this morning on the western bound freight train from Norfolk. The road is now clear and trains are running on schedule time.

THE ENGLISH MINISTRY.

LONDON, April 24.—On the return of Gladstone to London he was met by Lord Granville Hartington and Mr. W. P. Adam. Adam informed a press representative that Gladstone had undertaken to form a cabinet. The News says Gladstone kissed the hands of the Queen on his appointment as first Lord of the Treasury and Chancellor of Exchequer. Gladstone had difficulty on his return to London, in making way through an enthusiastic crowd, who confidently anticipated Gladstone to be the foreign minister. Gladstone was received with a perfect ovation at Windsor. He spoke from the window of the railway carriage, thanking the people for their kind greeting.

THE WEST-INDIES.

HAVANA, April 24.—Advices from San Domingo state that Gen. Cocos, who took part in the late political disturbance, has been shot. People are in favor of a clerical administration, and Rev. Fernando A. Merino is the most prominent candidate for president. The loss by the recent fire at Samana is \$150,000, and fell principally on foreigners.

In Hayti Generals Nord and Porcisen have been arrested for complicity in a revolutionary plot. It is reported that President Guzman Blanco, of Venezuela, angered by the indifferent effect of his last message, tendered his resignation to the chambers, but subsequently withdrew it on urgent solicitation.

AN EXPRESS WAR.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.—Judge Woods, in the United States circuit court to-day, granted an injunction restraining the Mobile and Montgomery railroad from excluding or ejecting express matter of the Southern Express company from depots or cars on the line of said road. When the Louisville and Nashville railroad company purchased the road they gave the Southern Express company notice to leave the road. An exclusive contract having been made with the union express company for the conduct of the express business, the Southern Express company claiming the right to continue the business over the route, appealed to the United States court with the above result.

MINOR DISPATCHES.

LONDON, April 24.—A Bombay special says there is no truth in the report of the death of King Theobald or of the massacres at Mandalay.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Francis Campbell, a broker of Charleston, S. C., died here yesterday from softening of the brain. His remains will be taken to Charleston.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Capt. Edward M. Wright, of the ordnance department, United States army, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. Capt. Wright married a daughter of the late Judge Paschal, of Texas.

NEWTON, N. J., April 24.—Frederick Crill was hanged here to-day for the murder of his daughter in Vernon township on the 5th of June last.

VIRGINIA CITY, April 24.—The wires between here and San Francisco are still interrupted and nothing has come through from that point to-day, though we are momentarily expecting restoration of communication. The wires over the mountains are buried under snow for miles. The storm has been fearful, and when the wire could be got to work it has been almost immediately disabled again.

PROHIBITION.

A Mother On the Situation.

MR. EDITOR: Permit me as a woman and a mother to say a few words through your columns to the thoughtful Christian public, in behalf of justice as well as mercy, suggested to my mind by the Eekle tragedy. The papers say his friends decline to employ counsel for him. I presume he has no friends, perhaps deserves none. He is an utter stranger to me, so also are his family; but the great principles of justice and equity are worth taking care of, whether a dog or a king be involved. I wish to speak of principles alone, without any personal reflections or applications. I would not extenuate in any sense or degree that most heinous and horrible of all crimes, mother murder, notwithstanding, alas! it is one of the most common of our times. Mothers are being murdered daily, whether with broken necks or broken hearts, it is all the same in the end, with only this difference, however, that those who die by physical violence are more fortunate than the rest, in that they suffer less.

If all who have a hand in the death of their mothers-by living a life of dissipation and wickedness were convicted of murder in the first degree, we should perhaps have a gallows always in sight. And yet, what man can be found on earth, in his senses, who is really willing to murder his mother? For instance, how far was it from the wish or intention of Eekle to murder his mother, and who in heaven or earth to-day deprecates the deed so much as he, however far his moral nature may be stripped and bedimmed by dissipation?

Another instance. Only a brief fortnight ago, a dying mother said to her son, "For you I am dying. Your wild ways, my poor prodigal boy, have broken my heart. I have no disease. My heart is crushed, but if my death can bring about your reformation, I am a willing sacrifice. Meet me in heaven." And thus the poor victim breathed her last. O, what heart that pulsates with human blood, could have witnessed the agony of that son and not yearned with pity over him? O, is there no balm in Gilead? Is there no physician there? People of Tennessee, is there no remedy for this awful state of things? There is none in the gallows. Upon the family and the ballot-box must rest the responsibility of all the fearful power. If parents fail to instill into their children, both by precept and example, those principles and habits which insure temperate and upright lives, the sad consequences must come as their just but awful retribution; and where legislation and social tolerances have not allowed the "dark beverage of hell" to flow as free as water, they are, to a fearful extent, responsible for the crimes that follow in its wake. Human may build his gallows, and Pilate wash his reeking hands, but the crying shaft of justice will find its mark through all disguises. "Sin is a trait that no one is willing to own." Legislators, constituents and officers, government and people, parents and children, mutually shift the blame from one to another, but the truth is, blood stains may be found on all our hands, and they cry to heaven for vengeance. The only effectual way to cure crime is to prevent it. We must pray practically, as well as vocally. "Lead us not into temptation," if we would be heard and answered. The will of

the people is the law in this land of liberty. A law is a law before it is written and voted upon in legislative halls. The writing and the voting are but the outward and official expression of the sovereign will of the people, of the real existence of the moral heart, and every man in the state of Tennessee, and every woman too, who has an iota of influence in some degree responsible for such tragedies as has occurred recently in our midst. Let us, for the sake of all that is dear to human hearts, and all that is sacred in human destiny, bravely and honestly face these solemn truths, and adjust ourselves to them as they demand.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Praise Meeting at the rooms this afternoon at 3 o'clock. At 3:30 a meeting for the study of the Sunday school lesson will be conducted by Mr. E. E. McCroskey. All are most cordially invited.

The usual service at the jail will be held at 2 o'clock.

Young Men's meeting at the University at 2 o'clock. Topic: Temptations Overcome.

Catholic Church.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Feehan will give confirmation and preach at the 10:30 o'clock mass, this morning. As on all other occasions, we may look for an eloquent and learned discourse from that eminent divine. Vespers, as usual, at 7:30 p. m.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market.
New York, April 24.—Money, \$1.05 at 100. Exchange, \$1.84. Government bonds, strong and higher; 4's, \$1.03; 5's, \$1.05; 4's, \$1.08. States, dull.

New York Cotton Market.
New York, April 24.—Cotton—net receipts, 379 bales; gross, 2,249 bales. Futures closed steady; sales, 138,000 bales. April, 11.64; May, 11.65; June, 11.70; July, 11.75; August, 11.80; September, 11.85; October, 11.90; November, 11.95; December, 12.00.

New York Grain Market.
New York, April 24.—Wheat, steady; sales to-day, 292 bales; last evening, 2,960 bales; uplands, 11; New Orleans, 11; consolidated net receipts, 5,140 bales; exports to Great Britain, 11,115 bales; to France, 2,608 bales; to Continent, 2,634 bales.

New York Sugar Market.
New York, April 24.—Southern sugar, dull and heavy; common to fair extra, \$5.25 to \$5.50; good to choice, \$5.55 to \$5.70. Wheat, feverish, irregular and unsettled; closing steady at 1.22; decline; ungraded, \$1.24; 30. Corn, market dull and heavy and about 1c lower; ungraded, \$2.45 to \$2.50. Oats, opened stronger and closed dull and weak; 40c for No. 3. Coffee, firm and quiet; cargoes, 12 1/2 to 15c. Sugar, steady and quiet; Cuba and Muscovado, 7c; centrifugal, 9c; test, 8c; fair to good refining, 7c; prime, 7 1/2; refined, about steady and moderate demand; standard A, 9 1/2; cut loaf, 9 1/2; crushed, 9 1/2. Molasses, quiet and about steady. Porto Rico, 35. Rice, unchanged and quiet. Wool, dull and weak; domestic fleeces, 49.02; pulled, 22.50c; unwashed, 15.42; Texas, 21.42. Pork, about steady and moderately active, \$10.35; middles, unchanged. Lard, shade easier and rather dull; May, \$7.32; July, \$7.35; August, \$7.42; 7 1/2. Whisky, nominal, \$1.10.

Cincinnati Market.
Cincinnati, April 24.—Flour, steady; family, \$5.00 to \$5.35. Wheat, unsettled; No. 2 red winter, \$1.15 bid; \$1.18 asked. Corn, firm; No. 2, 41c. Oats, quiet and steady; No. 2 mixed, 35-35 1/2. Pork, fair demand, \$10.00 to \$10.25. Lard, good demand and shade higher, \$6.00. Bulk meats, firm; shoulders, 4c; ribs, 6c; sides, 6 1/2c. Bacon, fair demand and firm; shoulders, 4 1/2c; ribs, 6 1/2c; sides, 7c. Whisky, active and firm. Sugar, strong; hards, 10c; New Orleans, 7 1/2c. Hogs, quiet, common, \$3.25 to \$3.50; light, \$4.10 to \$4.40; packing, \$4.10 to \$4.40; butchers, \$4.40 to \$4.60.

General Market.
New York, April 24.—Southern flour, dull and heavy; common to fair extra, \$5.25 to \$5.50; good to choice, \$5.55 to \$5.70. Wheat, feverish, irregular and unsettled; closing steady at 1.22; decline; ungraded, \$1.24; 30. Corn, market dull and heavy and about 1c lower; ungraded, \$2.45 to \$2.50. Oats, opened stronger and closed dull and weak; 40c for No. 3. Coffee, firm and quiet; cargoes, 12 1/2 to 15c. Sugar, steady and quiet; Cuba and Muscovado, 7c; centrifugal, 9c; test, 8c; fair to good refining, 7c; prime, 7 1/2; refined, about steady and moderate demand; standard A, 9 1/2; cut loaf, 9 1/2; crushed, 9 1/2. Molasses, quiet and about steady. Porto Rico, 35. Rice, unchanged and quiet. Wool, dull and weak; domestic fleeces, 49.02; pulled, 22.50c; unwashed, 15.42; Texas, 21.42. Pork, about steady and moderately active, \$10.35; middles, unchanged. Lard, shade easier and rather dull; May, \$7.32; July, \$7.35; August, \$7.42; 7 1/2. Whisky, nominal, \$1.10.

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Half Hose, I keep the Latest Styles, and call your attention to examine my stock before

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